

(1) $\triangle OAD$

底辺 1, 高さ 1 の直角二等辺三角形 $\frac{1 \times 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

(2) $\triangle OHJ$

各辺が 1 の正三角形

高さ h とすると、 $1 : h = 2 : \sqrt{3}$

$$h = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

面積は $\frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

(3) $\triangle OLA$

AからOLに垂線を下ろす。この垂線の長さ k とすると

$$2 : 1 = 1 : k$$

$$k = \frac{1}{2}$$

面積は $\frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

(4) $\triangle ODH$

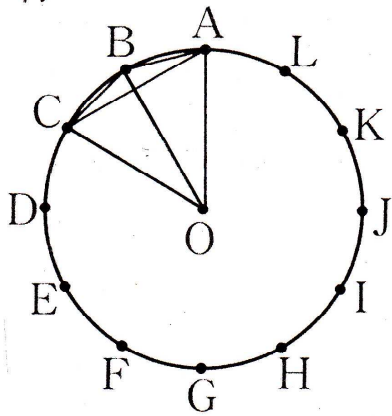
OからDHに垂線を下ろし、交点をMとする。

$$1 : DM : OM = 2 : \sqrt{3} : 1$$

$$DM = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad OM = \frac{1}{2}$$

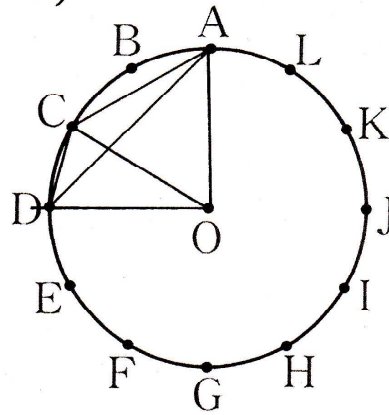
面積は $\frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

(1)



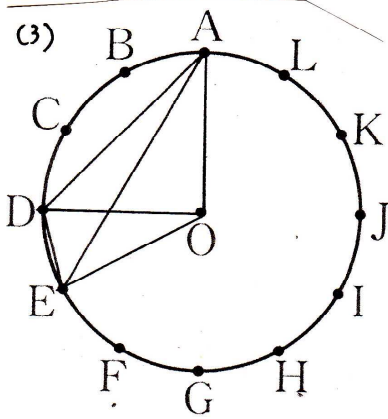
$$(3) \times 2 - (2)$$

(2)



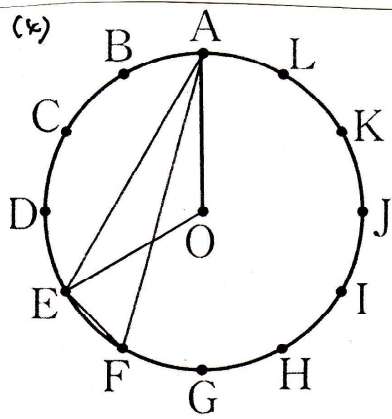
$$(3) + (2) - (1)$$

(3)



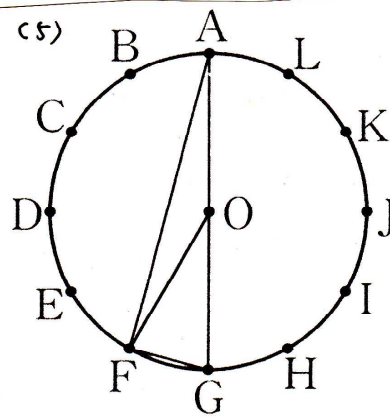
$$(3) + (1) - (4)$$

(4)



$$= (4)$$

(5)



$$2 \times (3)$$

(1) $\triangle ABC$

$$2 \times \triangle OLA - \triangle OHJ = \frac{1}{4} \times 2 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

(2) $\triangle ACD$

$$\triangle OLA + \triangle OHJ - \triangle OAD = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} - \frac{1}{4}$$

(3) $\triangle ADE$

$$\triangle OLA + \triangle OAD - \triangle ODH = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

(4) $\triangle AEF$

$$\triangle OAE = \triangle ODH = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

(5) $\triangle AFG$

$$\triangle OFG \times 2 = \triangle OLA \times 2 = \frac{1}{4} \times 2 = \frac{1}{2}$$